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Planar gap profil process for read he.

Exhibit A



Disclosure SJO8-1999-0008

Created By: Douglas Werner

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Required fields are marked with the autorisk (*) and must be filled in to complete the form.

Summary

Status	Under Evaluation
Processing Location	
Functional Area	Wafer/Read Head - Screnton
Attorney/Paterit	Palk Şeber/San Jose/IBM
Professional	
IDT Team	Kathy A Diaz/San Jose/IBM; Joseph Smyth/Sen Jose/IBM; Prakash Kashal/Almeden/IBM; Palk Saber/San
	Jose/IBM
Submitted Date	01/18/99 02:19:38 PM
Owning Division	SSD
PVT Score	To calculate a PVT score, use the 'Calculate PVT' button.

Inventors with Lotus Notes ID's

Inventors: Douglas Wemer/San Jose/IBM

inventer Name	inventor	Menager	
> denotes primary contact	Social Div	Dept Serial	Managor Narse
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inventors without Lotus Notes ID's

IDT Selection

Main Idea

THE of discourse (in Employ)

Planar gap prefill process for read heads

Side of disclosure

 Describe your invention, stating the problem solved (if appropriate), and indicating the advantages of using the invention.

The invention creates a planar surface with multiple insulator (first read gap) thicknesses. The thick gap areas provide better electrical insulation (read head - first shield), while the thin gap areas are required in the read sensor region to permit large bit densities. Such tailoring of insulator thicknesses is prior art, but it produces a physical step (nonplanarity) in the first gap, over which the read head sensor is deposited and photolithographically defined (Figure 1). This step can cause two problems in the subsequent photolithography: (1) reflective notching caused by light scattering from the step, and (2) nonuniform photoresist coverage over the steps which compromises control of critical printed dimensions (CD's) due to the "swing curve" effect (where CD's vary with photoresist thickness due to constructive & destructive interference of reflected light within the photoresist film). The invention solves both problems by creating a planar surface on which the read head sensor is deposited and photolithographically defined (Figure 2). The figures are in the following attachment:



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Planar gap prefil process for read hears

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2. How does the invention solve the problem or achieve an advantage, (a description of "the invention", including figures inline as appropriate)?

In prior art read head processing, the first read (sensor) gap is deposited over a prior patterned (extra-insulation) gap, leaving behind the problematic step near the sensor. These processes are typically done after planarizing the first shield (S1) and preceding steps w/ chemical-mechanical polishing (CMP). In the invention, the extra-insulation gap process creates a nearly planar surface by patterning with an established bilayer photoresist stencil process, then removing a some S1 material by ion milling to a predefermined depth, then refilling with gap insulator material of a thickness slightly less than the milled depth (Figure 3), then lifting off the stencil over the sensor region (the areas where the read head leads will be placed enjoy the benefit of the extra insulating gap material). The CMP step is deferred until after the patterning just described, and serves to remove any residual nonplanarity around the sensor region of the read head. Then, as in the prior art, the (sensor) gap and sensor materials are deposited and patterned to define the read head.

3. If the same advantage or problem has been identified by others (inside/outside IBM), how have those others solved it and does your solution differ and why is it better?

CD variation caused by device topography is a problem commonly encountered in microelectronics fabrication, and it is typically controlled by either (1) addition of antireflective layers, or (2) planarization. In the existing IBM read head build process, the planarization approach is preferred since it involves only an additional ion milling step, while anti reflective layers are only partially effective and introduce complications associated with their removal. While planarization has been used to address the present problem, I am not aware of prior art which uses the same process sequence to arrive at the structure described.

4. If the invention is implemented in a product or prototype, include technical details, purpose, disclosure details to others and the date of that implementation. TBD. No implementation yet.

"Critical Questions (Questions 1 - 7 must be answered)

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